



Research on the Importance of Antioxidants, Phytochemicals and Fiber for Achieving Optimal Health and Longevity

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Introduction

Most of us have heard that diets high in fruits and vegetables can help us lose weight, reduce our risk of heart disease, cancer, diabetes, high blood pressure, cataracts, macular degeneration, osteoporosis, arthritis and even wrinkles. As a matter of fact, according to the National Cancer Institute, 8 to 10 servings a day can cut our risk of some cancers in half!

In 1998, the University of Naples in Italy studied an elderly population and found that those who lived the longest and were the healthiest ate a lot more fruits and vegetables than those who died before their time. Therefore, it comes as no surprise that the USDA Food Guide Pyramid advocates eating 5 to 9 servings of fruits and vegetables per day for optimum health!

Food science has just recently come to realize that there is much more to micronutrient nutrition than just vitamins and minerals. Indeed, there may be well over 1,000 different plant chemicals, known as Phytochemicals, that may have metabolic activity in humans! These include classes such as the alkaloids,

FACTOID: In 1998, the University of Naples, Italy studied 70 to 100 year-olds and found that those who lived the longest and were the healthiest ate a lot more fruit and vegetables.

carotenoids, coumarins, flavonoids, isothiocyanates, polyphenols, and polysaccharides, just to name a few! Some serve as antioxidants fighting free radicals, some assist the liver in detoxification, others modulate the immune system and hormone metabolism.

Further study has shown that the fruits and vegetables that come in rich vibrant colors, like tomatoes, carrots, spinach, broccoli, blueberries and raspberries, are much more potent and beneficial than the pastel colored produce like iceberg lettuce, bananas, celery, corn and potatoes. Furthermore, certain foods may contain greater quantities of antioxidants, fibers, probiotics, and even specific medicinal substances, the latter being especially true of many edible herbs and spices.

Super Foods and the Standard American Diet (S.A.D.)

As we have become more aware of the amazing and broad spectrum of health, anti-aging, and disease preventing benefits of foods especially high in this "new" array of such micronutrients, a new name for them has arisen, the "Super Foods".

The "S.A.D." fact remains, in spite of all the support from mainstream medicine organizations like the American Heart Association and American Diabetes Association, and governmental health organizations like the National Institutes of Health, the National Institute on Aging, the USDA, and even the U.S. Surgeon General, few of us eat the recommended minimum of two fruits and three vegetables daily. Even counting the "pale" plant foods like French fries, green-gassed bananas and iceberg lettuce, few achieve the daily minimum. Only a small percentage of the population enjoy the optimal nine servings that emphasize fresh and organic phytochemical-dense deep green and brightly colored fruits and vegetables!

The reasons for this lack are many and varied, and deeply ingrained in our American culture and lifestyle, though it can no longer be accounted to ignorance. What are obviously needed are an educational initiative, *as well as new ways* for people to enjoy the benefits of fruits and vegetables. This paper is an introduction, and for some, a review of the power and importance of many of the super foods available to us today. Our S.A.D. choices in food must change. Education and the new advances in food technologies are the keys.

ORAC Intake, Health Outcomes and the Common Diseases of Aging

"If these findings are borne out in further research, young and middle-aged people may be able to reduce risk of diseases of aging—including senility—simply by adding high-ORAC foods to their diets," Floyd P. Horn, administrator, Agricultural Research Service's Human Nutrition Research Center on Aging at Tufts University in Boston.

ORAC, short for **Oxygen Radical Absorbance Capacity**, is a test tube analysis that measures the total antioxidant power of foods and other chemical substances. **Antioxidant power** is the ability to neutralize oxygen free radicals. *Therefore ORAC testing is a way to measure how many oxygen radicals a specific food can absorb. The more oxygen radicals a food can absorb, the higher its ORAC score*.

Foods that score high in ORAC testing may protect cells and their components from oxidative damage. So suggests the latest studies of animals and human blood at the Agricultural Research Service's Human Nutrition Research Center on Aging at Tufts University in Boston. (ARS is the chief scientific agency of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.) In other words the higher a food's ORAC score, the better it is at helping our bodies fight diseases like cancer and heart disease.

FACTOID: "Men and women whose diets are high in fruits and vegetables were shown to have lower rates of angina, arthritis, asthma, bronchitis, cirrhosis, gallstones, heart attack, kidney stones and peptic ulcers." Epidemiology, march 1998, Vol. 9, No 2, p 208. **Oxygen radicals** are chemicals that are naturally formed inside our bodies by the process of **oxidation**. They are normal byproducts of everyday functions like digestion and physical activity. We are also exposed daily to polluted air, ingest oxidized or partially rancid foods, and oxidizing radiations from the sun and various electrical appliances which all add additional oxygen radicals to our systems.

Free radicals destroy our health in many ways. A good illustration of the harmful effects of oxidation is rusting. When metal rusts it becomes weak and flaky, it starts to degenerate or decay until it no longer performs its functions well. Eventually the metal "fatigues" and "fails". THIS EXACT SAME PROCESS HAPPENS IN OUR BODY! Just like in rusting, the cells, organs, and other parts of our body can be made weak by oxidation. This can lead to diseases like cancer, heart disease, cataracts and macular degeneration, osteoarthritis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), senile dementia and other neurodegenerative diseases, and perhaps even skin aging and wrinkling!

The Free Radical Theory of Aging is the thesis that oxidative damage culminates in

many of the above maladies of aging is now well accepted in the health community. Therefore, *if our* bodies can quench these oxygen radicals before they do damage, then they won't hurt us. Chemicals that neutralize oxidation from free radicals are called **antioxidants.** The antioxidant evidence has spurred skyrocketing sales of antioxidant vitamins. But several large trials have had mixed results on vitamin pills as far as achieving the desired benefits. This may be because there are hundreds, maybe even thousands, of antioxidant **phytonutrients** (plant chemical nutrients) in natural plant foods and herbs that play a major role in health and wellness. Some of these phytonutrients we have identified, many more as yet remain to be identified. What we do know is that most of these powerfully beneficial plant compounds are not found in vitamin pills. Therefore, it is not surprising that science has found those who eat 8-10 servings of fruits and vegetables a day suffer from a much lower incidence of the common chronic degenerative diseases of aging as compared to those who eat only 2 or 3 servings a day.

By the year 2050, nearly one-third of the U.S. population is expected to be over age 65. If further research supports these early findings, *millions of aging people may be able to guard against many of the worst and most common diseases simply by adding high-ORAC foods to their diets!* This could save much suffering, as well as reduce the staggering cost of treating and caring for the elderly.

Dr. Guohua Cao, a physician and chemist, developed the ORAC test while he was a visiting scientist at the National Institute on Aging in Baltimore, Maryland. According to Dr. Cao, "The ORAC value covers all the antioxidants in foods… You cannot easily measure each antioxidant separately, but you can use the ORAC assay to identify which phytonutrients are the important antioxidants. *It may be that combinations of nutrients found in foods have greater protective effects than each nutrient taken alone.*"

New, natural plant chemicals are being discovered every day. We don't know as yet which ones, in what amounts, best fight cancer and other diseases. But we do know that, as our knowledge is so limited, it is best to get these plant chemicals from plant foods, not just supplements, to fully enjoy the disease-fighting benefits.

One of the things science has proven is that *dark greens and brightly colored plant foods are the ones with the highest ORAC scores* such as spinach, kale, broccoli, blueberries, wild tart cherries, raspberries, elderberries, prunes, tomatoes, carrots and the like.

It is important to understand that the ORAC values of fruits and vegetables cover a broad range. Dr. Cao instructs us that, "you can pick seven with low values and get only about 1,300 ORAC units. Or, you can eat seven with high values and reach 6,000 ORAC units or more. One cup of blueberries alone supplies 3,200 ORAC units." Generally the minimum recommended "5-a-day" vegetables and fruits program is considered to be supplying about 1750 ORAC units daily.

In the studies, eating plenty of *high-ORAC foods raised the antioxidant power of human blood 10 to 25 percent*. Based on the evidence so far, some experts suggest that *daily intake be increased to approximately 5,000 ORAC units to have a significant impact on plasma and tissue antioxidant capacity.*

The Super Greens: Spirulina, Chlorella, and Young Barley Greens

Super Greens are those pigment rich dark green plants and friendly photosynthetic algae that make up most of the very foundation of complex life on earth. By this statement we mean that such green foods make life possible, for they serve at the beginning of the food chain upon which other plants, and the more complex animals, all depend, directly or indirectly. As such these dark green foods contain all the essential building block nutrients or precursors upon which all other life eventually depends.

FACTOID: Studies published in the UC Davis Health Journal states that, "Spirulina increased antibody responses and the activity of natural killer sells, which destroy infected and cancerous cells in the body." In the oceans and great lakes these super foods are one-celled organisms called spirulina and chlorella. They are some of the oldest, most successful and most resistant organisms and provide most of the oxygen dissolved in water.

On land, these foods are the young spring time sprouts or shoots of the seed producing green grasses and the green herbs, a most excellent example of which is young barley green shoots. **Spirulina** is a primordial aquatic micro-blue green algae. Spirulina takes its energy directly from the sun and the minerals in waters that are naturally highly alkaline, or commercial aqua-farms where purity can be monitored. It grows so fast that Spirulina accounts for up to one half of the oxygen on our planet!

Spirulina contains over 100 vitamins, minerals, amino acids, enzymes and phytonutrients! Spirulina contains high levels of easily absorbed natural cell protectors (antioxidants) including chlorophyll, alpha and beta carotene and phycocyanin, the latter found exclusively in Spirulina!

Spirulina is approximately 65 - 70% amino acid proteins, which is greater then beef steak by far! Spirulina is a natural treasure trove of organic vitamin B12, iron, chromium, selenium and essential fatty acids (GLA). Indeed, Spirulina contains 50 times more blood building iron than spinach and 10 times more bone building calcium than milk. Spirulina is the highest natural plant source of stamina building Vitamin B12, has more good fats (GLA /EFA) than evening primrose oil, and more Vitamin E than raw wheat germ!

Spirulina also contains growth factors that support and promote the growth of friendly intestinal flora. Such a food is properly called a pre-biotic. "People have used foods like yogurt (containing pro-biotics) and Spirulina throughout history...these foods improve immune system function and...are a beneficial addition to our diet." (Judy van de Water, associate professor of rheumatology, allergy and clinical immunology, UC Davis).

Spirulina, like all edible dark green plants, is also highly alkalizing, meaning that it helps restore the acidbase balance. In other words, Spirulina helps neutralize the acidity caused by eating excess meats, starches, sugars, soft drinks and preserved foods, as well as by excess stress, excess exercise, environmental pollutants, drugs, alcohol, coffee and tobacco.

Spirulina is also rich in photosynthetic pigments, which makes it a great heavy metal detoxifier. Doctors Sklar and Schwartz of Harvard School of Dental Medicine showed an extract of Spirulina's antioxidants prevented cancer in animals.

"Spirulina increased antibody responses and the activity of natural killer cells, which destroy infected and cancerous cells in the body." - *UC Davis Health System*, *Weekly Update*, *Dec*, 2000, pp. 1-2

Chlorella is the number one selling health food supplement sold in Japan. Chlorella, a unique single-celled fresh water green algae, contains high concentrations of chlorophyll, nucleic acids, amino acids, enzymes, antioxidant carotenes, and vitamins and minerals, especially zinc. (The latter is often deficient in athletes and vegetarians.)

Chlorella actually contains twice as much chlorophyll as Spirulina. Chlorophyll, the phytonutrient that makes plants green, deodorizes, detoxifies and promotes the body's natural healing.

FACTOID: "Chlorella is by far the best and most powerful of the super foods that provide your body with the proper nutrition to heal itself."

Chlorophyll has also been studied for its potential in stimulating tissue growth, and in stimulating red blood cell production. Perhaps most remarkable is the similarity between chlorophyll and the red pigment in blood. Indeed, chlorophyll is just a hemoglobin molecule with magnesium in the middle instead of iron!

According to an article in the *Journal of the National Cancer Institute*, 1995, Vol 87, No 11, p. 7, chlorophyll fed to laboratory animals reduces absorption of three dietary carcinogens: heterocyclic amines (found in cooked muscle meats), polycyclic hydrocarbons (found in smoked and barbecued foods), and

aflatoxin (a toxin produced commonly by mold that infects grains and peanuts). The chlorophyll forms complex compounds with the chemical carcinogens while they are still in the digestive tract, limiting their absorption and distribution.

Chlorophyll has also been found useful to treat some disorders of the pancreas and reduce fecal, urinary, and body odor in geriatric patients. Chlorella is the most researched "green product" resulting in proof of numerous health benefits including improved immune system function, heavy metal and pesticide detoxification, "anti-tumor activity", and, because of chlorella growth factor (CGF), enhanced white blood cell activity and quicker wound and ulcer healing! *Drug Chemical Toxicology, Vol 7, No 1, pp. 51-71 and Immunotoxicology, 1999, Vol 21, No 3, pp.609-619.*

Please note that as Chlorella, unlike Spirulina, has a cellulose wall that humans cannot digest, it is important that "cracked cell wall" Chlorella be used.

Michael Rosenbaum, MD, MSC, Director of Orthomolecular Health Medical Society, writing in the *M.D.'s Nutritional Bulletin, Special Addition, Spring 2001, p.1, states that chlorella is, "by far the best and most powerful of the nutraceuticals, foods that provide your body with the proper nutrition to heal itself...There is nothing better for finally helping you feel the way you want to feel!"*

Barley grass is considered the most nutritional of the green grasses. When the great herds of the plains have survived the dry season or winter, nature provides them with the most nutritious of foods for themselves and their soon to be born, young, green sprouting grasses. Indeed green grasses are the only vegetation many herbivores eat and as such supply their sole nutritional support from birth to old age!

But before green grasses undergo the reproductive cycle that creates the grains, they are in the grass stage, and the grasses contain about the same vitamins and minerals as dark green vegetables!

When these grasses are harvested at a young age, they have a different chemical makeup from their adult counterparts. For example, wheat grass has 32 g of protein per 100 g, while wheat flour has only 13 g per 100 g. Wheat grass has about 23,000 International Units (IUs) of vitamin A per 100 g, while wheat flour has none. We can see then that the young grasses offer us much greater nutrition.

Barley grass juice powder, low temperature spray dried from pure organic juice, not milled grass, is a green powerhouse that brings you a wide spectrum of natural nutrients in natural proportion, as well as chlorophyll, live enzymes, and a **FACTOID:** *"It is clear that the* leaves of the cereal grasses provide the nearest thing this planet offers to the perfect food. For reasons of palatability, higher nutrient content, and favorable harvesting features, green barley stands out as the best among these," according to Dr. Hagiwara, Professor of Toxicology at UC Davis.

unique and powerful antioxidant: 2"-0-glycosylisovitexin, reported to have antioxidant activity equal to or superior to vitamin E.

Green barley leaves contain a multitude of the body's spark plugs, enzymes. Enzymes are the catalysts for the body's essential chemical reactions and are responsible for our digestive processes, for providing cellular energy, and for antioxidant effects.

Despite their importance, most people do not get the enzymes they need. This is because heat destroys enzymes, and most of our foods, whether cooked at home or processed, are heated and the enzymes destroyed. The world's greatest expert on green barely is Yoshihide Hagiwara, M.D., an associate professor at the department of environmental toxicology at UC Davis. Dr. Hagiwara believes that there

may be thousands of active enzymes in green barley, especially super oxide dismutase (SOD), a major detoxifying enzyme sometimes recommended in combating arthritis.

FACTOID: "The young barley juice powder contains 13 times as much carotene as that of carrots, 55 times as much Vitamin C as that of apples and 5 times as much iron as that of spinach." The young barley juice powder contains 13 times as much carotene as that of carrots, 55 times as much Vitamin C as that of apples and 5 times as much iron as that of spinach. Its potassium content works to balance the sodium in salt and so many other processed foods. Many people note a diuretic effect like the "water pills", frequently followed by lowering of an elevated blood pressure!

Recently, research has unveiled many other possible benefits of green barley leaves. Extracted compounds may have cholesterol lowering effects, anti-inflammatory benefits, and anti-ulcer properties.

Dr. Hagiwara says, "It was clear to me, then, that the leaves of the cereal grasses provide the nearest thing this planet offers to the perfect food. For reasons of palatability, higher nutrient content, and favorable harvesting features, green barley stands out as the best among these."

The More Familiar Super Greens: Spinach, Kale and Parsley

The dark green "leafies"–**spinach, kale and parsley**–are also super abundant in vitamins, minerals, carotenes and chlorophyll, the great detoxifier. (That is why parsley and chlorophyll are used in natural breath fresheners!) Of particular note are folic acid (vitamin B9), vitamin K, calcium, iron, and potassium, and the antioxidant *phytonutrients lutein and zeaxanthin*.

According to the USDA, folic acid is the most common dietary vitamin deficiency in the U.S., being deficient in 3 out of 4 diets. Indeed, only recently have we become generally aware that folic acid deficiency is the usual cause of the unfortunately not uncommon neural tube birth defects. And many medications, including birth control pills and estrogen, increase the need for folic acid! —*Nutritional Science News*, 2001, Vol 6, No 9; p. 338

Green leafy vegetables are well known as being high in bone building calcium. But did you know that Vitamin K is needed for strong bones, too? The Framingham Health Study showed that those with the highest vitamin K intake had three times less hip fracture from osteoporosis! (*Analyst, 1988:113:393-7*). In Japan vitamin K is approved as a drug to treat osteoporosis! Fewer yet realize that a recent analysis of published research on vitamin K concluded, "A substantial part of the population is mildly deficient in vitamin K, and at the later stages this deficiency may contribute to (not only) increased bone fracture risk, (but) arterial calcification and cardiovascular disease, (too)." – Hematology Oncology Clinical North America 2000, Vol 14, No 2, pp. 339-53. FACTOD: The International Journal of Cancer reported that high consumption of green leafy vegetables containing lutein and zeaxanthin, cancer protective agents, accounted for the low incidence of lung cancer in Fiji where 80% of the men are smokers!

Popeye sang, "I'm strong to the finish 'cause I eats me spinach". This was mostly thought related to its rich iron content, which is also true of kale and parsley. Today, with our high sodium, high protein, high processed food diets, we are even more in need of the alkaline ash minerals, especially potassium, found so predominately in the super greens. These minerals act as a buffer to neutralize excess acid. If not present in sufficient quantities, the body "steals" these much mineral needed buffers from our bones, and thus such deficiencies are thought to be a leading cause of osteoporosis. —*American Journal of Clinical Nutrition 2000, Vol 73, pp. 118-122.*

The discovery that there is a whole class of micro-nutrients, called *phytonutrients*, that are not vitamins, minerals or fiber, but had dynamic health enhancing effect, is a big part of the reason the major health agencies recommend a minimum of 5 different fruits and vegetables daily.

One such class of phytochemicals are the antioxidant carotenes, of which the pro vitamin A beta carotene is the most familiar. However, though the dark green "leafies" are a rich sources of beta carotenes, there are numerous nonvitamin A carotenes found in these foods as well. Two of the most researched are *lutein and zeaxanthin*. According to *Health Sense, August 2000, Vol. VI, issue 8*, numerous studies show that maintaining sufficient levels of *lutein and zeaxanthin*, the only carotene antioxidants active in the retina of the eye, can prevent macular degeneration and cataracts, two leading causes of age related blindness, and preserve youthful visual sensitivity!

High consumption of green leafy vegetables containing *lutein and zeaxanthin* were determined to be the protective agents that explained the low incidence of lung cancer in Fiji where 80% of the men smoke! *International Journal of Cancer: 1995, Vol 64 No 63, pp. 18-23.* The February 2000 edition of the *American Journal of Clinical Nutrition* linked *lutein* to a 17% reduction in colon cancer risk.

FACTOID: According to the International Journal of Cancer, food items most strongly related to decreased risk for ovarian cancer are raw carrots and tomato sauce. **Consumption** of fruits, vegetables, food items and supplements high in carotene and lycopene reduce the risk of ovarian cancer.

Non-Green Super Carotenoids: Carrots and Tomatoes

There are two more carotenoid super foods we must mention, namely carrots and tomatoes.

Carrots are well known for their pro-vitamin A *beta-carotene* content, the abundance of which is responsible for their bright orange color. "*There was an evident increase in the risk of breast cancer for decreasing amounts of beta-carotene…the risk of breast cancer approximately doubled among the subjects with blood levels of beta-carotene at the lowest quartile" (American Journal of Epidemiology 2001, Vol 12, No 153, pp. 1142-7.). According to the <i>International Journal of Cancer*, food items most strongly related to decreased risk for ovarian cancer were raw carrots and tomato sauce. Consumption of fruits, vegetables, food items and supplements high in *carotene and lycopene* were cited for reducing the risk of ovarian cancer.

Tomatoes turn bright red because of the pigment called *lycopene*. *Lycopene* has drawn attention because of its link in lowering the risk of lung and prostate cancer (*Journal National Cancer Institute, December 6. 1995.*). Food items most strongly related to decreased risk for ovarian cancer were raw carrots and tomato sauce. According to the *International Journal of Cancer, 2000, Vol 94, Issue 1, pp. 128-134* consumption of fruits, vegetables, food items and supplements high in *carotene and lycopene* may also reduce the risk of ovarian cancer.

The Cruciferous Vegetables

When it comes to cancer fighting, the real champs may be the cruciferous vegetables. **Cruciferous vegetables** contain detoxifying phytonutrients with rather unfamiliar names like *isothiocyanate*, *sulphoraphane and indole –3 carbinol*, or IC-3 for short. These plant micronutrients work by speeding up the production of enzymes,

FACTOID:

According to the Journal of the National Cancer Institute, cruciferous vegetables, such as broccoli, cauliflower, cabbage and brussel sprouts, substantially lower the risk of prostate cancer in men. Numerous studies also suggest a protective role in uterine, cervical and breast cancer in women as well. especially in the liver, with which our bodies convert toxic, mutagenic, cancer causing substances into less harmful, even beneficial substances. —*Medical Committee for Aging Research and Education, Year 2001, Issue 2, Abstracts, p.5.*

The 2000 January 5th issue of the *Journal of the National Cancer Institute* proclaims that the cruciferous vegetables, such as broccoli, cauliflower, cabbage and Brussels Sprouts, substantially lower the risk of prostate cancer in men. Numerous studies also suggest a protective role in uterine, cervical and breast cancer in women as well (*Cancer Chemotherapy and Pharmacology, 1991, No 28, pp. 255-8*.

FACTOID: Super rich in the anthocyanin bioflavinoid group of phytonutrients, these elements are found abundantly in berries, and some of the richest sources are grape seed and pine bark extracts. These are powerful antioxidants that are significantly more active than Vitamins C and E. Grape skin extracts inhibit the initiation and promotion of tumors, and cause precancerous cells to return to normal, according to the Journal of Clinical Oncology.

Fruit: Berry Berry Good For You!

As a recent Newsweek article said "The day when doctors say—'Take 10 cherries and call me in the morning'—may not be far off."

Most known phytonutrients are strongly related to pigment. Just as phytonutrient antioxidant *carotenoids* tend to dominate in the dark green greens and bright red and orange vegetables, the richly red/blue pigmented *flavonoids*, with names like *isoflavones, anthocyanins, flavinols, catechins and phenols*, tend to be dominant in the fruits and herbs.

And the richest source of pigment and antioxidants in the fruit group are generally found in the **blueberries**, **raspberries**, **tart dark cherries**, **and deep purple plums/prunes**. Indeed, these fruits are the most potent source of anti-aging antioxidants of any commonly eaten foods!

Antioxidants have been shown to increase immune function and decrease the risk of infection and cancer. Antioxidants help by preventing or repairing damage done to the body's cells by free radicals. Simply put, a free radical is a molecule with a free electron. Electrons like to be in pairs. An antioxidant, such as vitamin C, vitamin E or *beta-carotene*, may donate one of its electrons to the free radical. If no antioxidants are present, a free radical takes an electron from vital cell structures, damaging the cell and eventually leading to disease.

Just like Pac-Men, the *flavonoid antioxidants* in berries, cherries and plums "eat up" free radicals

in the bloodstream helping prevent the development of cancer. These flavonoids have even been called, "Mother Nature's all-natural chemotherapy agents".

Fruit *phytonutrient flavonoids* also play a role in preventing the development of heart disease by discouraging fatty deposits in the arteries. *Flavonoids* even slow wrinkling, protect the eyes from cataracts and macular degeneration, and protect the aging brain. Indeed, they are a main reason why fruits and vegetables have been called "*Natures Anti-Aging Wonders*!"

Is it any wonder then that most scientists believe it is far better to get a daily healthy dose of dozens of different *phytonutrients* from micro-nutrient dense "super foods" than it is to take a mega dose of a few *synthetic* antioxidant

FACTOID:

Studies conducted at the Hollings Cancer Institute found that cranberries, raspberries and tart cherries are the richest fruit source of ellagic acid, a naturally occurring plant phenolic flavonoid phytonutrient. This chemical is a potent anticarcinogenic and may be the most potent way to prevent cancer! vitamins and minerals?

For example, the 17 identified compounds in tart cherries that have antioxidant properties are considered, in total, to be superior to the activity of vitamins E and C. In addition, they contain compounds that help relieve the pain of arthritis, gout and even headaches with daily consumption!

Blueberries are by far the greatest common whole food source of eye/vision and brain/ mind protecting antioxidant *flavonoids*, being full of blue *anthocyanins*.

Cranberries, raspberries and tart cherries are the richest fruit source of *ellagic acid*, a naturally occurring plant *phenolic flavonoid phytonutrient* that is known as a potent anti-carcinogenic compound. Clinical tests conducted at the *Hollings Cancer Institute at the Medical University of South Carolina (MUSC)* show that *ellagic acid* may be the most potent way to prevent cancer! In addition, you should know that all the berries, not just cranberries, help prevent recurrent urinary tract-bladder infections (UTI's).

Four More Fabulous Flavonoids: OPC's, Quercetin, Green Tea and Red Wine

Oligomeric proanthocyanidins (OPC's) are super rich in the *anthocyanin bioflavonoid* group of phytonutrients. Found abundantly in berries, the very richest sources are grape seed and pine bark extracts. These have been shown to be powerful antioxidants that are significantly more active than vitamins C and E, and are thought to protect against carcinogenic changes — *Journal of Clinical Oncology 2000, No 18, pp. 668-83.*

FACTOID: The benefits of green tea flavonoid catechins for the heart are greater than that of red wine, without the alcohol! There is a 10% increase in breast cancer for every alcoholic beverage consumed on a daily basis, according to an article in JAMA. **Quercetin** is the major representative of the antioxidant *flavinol* group, which group is particularly known for preventing the oxidation of low density lipoproteins (bad cholesterol). *Quercitin* is found in fruits and vegetables, most notably onions and green apple skins. That is the major reason why onions and green apples help prevent hardening of the arteries and the heart attacks and strokes that arteriosclerosis causes (*Biomedical Pharmacotherapy 1997, No 51, pp 305-310*). *Quercetin* has also consistently demonstrated a potent *anti-tumor* effect —*Cancer Chemotherapy and Pharmacology*, *1991, No 8, pp. 255-8*.

Green tea is rich in antioxidant *polyphenols* that are thought to be the most active ingredient as pertains to green tea's much purported benefits of preventing cancer, heart disease, osteoarthritis, gum disease and even tooth decay. The benefits of these green tea *flavonoid catechins polyphenols* for the heart are greater than that of red wine, without the alcohol! (There is a 10% increase in breast cancer for every alcoholic beverage consumed on a daily basis according to authors Smith, Warner SA, et al in *Alcohol and Breast Cancer in Women: A Pooled Analysis of Cohort Studies, JAMA, 1998, Vol 7, pp. 535-40.*

Red wines are more protective of heart disease than white wines because of the phytonutrient, *resveratrol*, which gives dark grapes their deep red/blue color. "*Resveratrol (a stilbene found in grape skin extracts) is able to inhibit the initiation and promotion of tumors, and cause pre-cancerous cells to return to normal.*" (*Science, 1997, Vol 275, No 5297, pp. 218-220*). By extracting the *resveratrol* as a phytonutrient supplement, one can get the antioxidant immune enhancing and heart protecting benefits of red wine, dark grapes and grape juice without all the alcohol and sugar.

Fruit and Vegetable Extracts

In order to approximate the health benefits of eating 5 to 9 serving of dark green, red, orange, blue and purple fruit and vegetables daily, food scientists have created fruit and vegetable *extracts* from the most nutrient dense organic varieties. These *extracts* become highly concentrated phytonutrient super food supplements. Findings reported in the 38th annual meeting of the *American Society of Cell Biology* show us that these supplements enhanced "*multiple immune functions…especially for people whose immune functions have been diminished*". Dr O'Neill, Ph.D., of BYU's Dept. of Microbiology was quoted as saying, "Fruit and vegetable extracts may be protective against cancer."

FACTOID:

Fruit and vegetable extracts, especially from dense varieties, are highly concentrated phytonutrient super food supplements. Findings reported in the 38th annual meeting of the American Society of Cell Biology indicate that these supplements enhance "multiple immune functions...especially for people whose immune functions have been diminished."

Organic Food More Nutritious?

The Journal of Alternative and Complementary Medicine 2001, Vol 7, No 2, pp. 161, reported the results of part of the doctoral dissertation of Virginia Worthington, Ph.D., of John Hopkins University, Baltimore. Dr. Worthington found that the composition of conventionally grown American food has declined dramatically in the past 60 years. For example, iron is lower by 32 percent, calcium by 29 percent, magnesium by 21 percent. She also found that **organically grown produce** was higher in most vitamins and minerals and lower in potentially harmful nitrates. Organic foods were 29 percent higher in magnesium, 27 percent higher in vitamin C, and 21 percent higher in iron. Using the USDA recommendation of at least five servings of fruits and vegetables a day, Dr Worthington concluded that consuming organic produce could make the difference between a deficient and adequate diet!

FACTOID: "Inflammatory bowel disease, urinary tract infections, diarrhea and even heart disease and colon cancer risk are favorably effected by these symbiotic bacteria we host in our alimentary tract," according to Dr. Lukaczar as reported in the Nutritional Science News.

The Probiotics: Friendly Microorganisms?

Evidence for **probiotics**, "friendly" microorganisms (like *L. acidophilus*, *L. Casei*, *L.Rhamnosus and B.Longum*) is impressive according to Dan Lukaczer, N.D., writing in the *Sept. 2001, Vol.6, No, 9 edition of the Nutritional Science News*. Inflammatory bowel disease, urinary tract infections, diarrhea and even heart disease and colon cancer risk are favorably affected by these *symbiotic* bacteria we host in our alimentary tract. No wonder we call them "friendly"! *Probiotics* are so effective in inhibiting virally induced gastrointestinal infections in children that hospitals, infamous as vectors for drug resistant pathogens, are studying their prophylactic use when admitting children.

Of note, one of the ways we get "inoculated" with probiotics is through soil organisms on plants. But our highly washed, even irradiated, vegetables may not contain near as many as we might get "eating from the garden". And our frequent ingestion of chlorinated water, antibiotics, and other medications, along with low fiber, high sugar diets do not favor the growth of symbiotic microorganisms in our intestines.

Fermented plants foods like sauerkraut or tempeh, natto, and milk products like

yogurt, are important *probiotic* sources as well. As diary sensitivity is so common, especially in those with chronic bowel problems, when supplementing *dairy-free probiotics* are to be generally preferred.

"Friendly bacteria can... prevent cancerous tumors; inactivate viruses; produce natural antibodies and vitamins; reduce cholesterol... and even more wonders." – Dr David Williams, editor of Alternatives For The Health Conscious Individual.

Plant Enzymes, Digestive Dynamos!

Natural **plant enzymes**, like **amylase**, **lipase**, **cellulase**, **lactase**, **protease**, **bromelain and papain** (from pineapple and papaya) help us to digest starches, fats, cellulose, milk sugar and proteins, respectively. Raw foods, or foods processed below 108 degrees Fahrenheit, maintain their enzyme activity. Of course, only man cooks his food. In contrast, animals eat a "raw" and therefore a relatively more or less *enzyme rich diet*. The proposed advantages of a diet rich in raw and low temperature processed plant foods, or supplementing these natural plant enzymes, are well stated in the following quote by I. V. Jimenez-Velasquez, Vice-Chair of the Department. Of Medicine, University of Puerto Rico School of Medicine, "As we age, our natural digestive enzymes are depleted, allowing food to ferment (rot) in the digestive tract. Many experts believe that this undigested matter becomes quite toxic, causing many of the health problems associated with aging, such as joint distress, ulcers, bloating and constipation."

Natural Plant Polysaccharides: Soluble and Insoluble Fibers

Three of the "healthiest" *polysaccharide fiber* combinations are found in **oats, brown rice, and apples**. These natural plant foods contain high amounts of beneficial *soluble and insoluble polysaccharides fibers* and a wide variety of vitamins and minerals. *Insoluble fibers* are responsible for increased bulk that reduces the risk of cancer, promotes healthy digestion, reduces the absorption of sugars in diabetic patients and the risks of recurrent urinary stone disease in people with kidney disease.

Soluble polysaccharides, known popularly as "*soluble fibers*", are responsible for lowering cholesterol and lipids thus reducing incidence of heart disease. The most effective cholesterol lowering soluble polysaccharide is **oat beta-glucan** (*beta gum*). Indeed, the FDA has given special status for oat beta-glucan approving its cholesterol lowering claims.

Rice bran contains 21% fiber, 21% lipids, 13% amino acids and a variety of vitamins. Most of the fiber in rice bran is insoluble It is the richest source of *IP-6*, a proven anticolon cancer phytonutrient. It is also a rich source of *tocotrienols*, a vitamin E fraction that has 40 to 60 times the antioxidant activity of regular vitamin E (alpha tocopherol).

Apple pectin is a soluble fiber that binds to toxins and excess bile and cholesterol in the gut. Just one of the reasons, "an apple a day keeps the doctor away".

"Soluble fiber from foods such as oat bran, as part of a diet low in saturated fat and cholesterol, may reduce the risk of heart disease." FDA, 2001. In allowing this health claim, FDA concluded that the *beta-glucan soluble fiber* of whole oats is the primary component responsible for the total and LDL blood

cholesterol-lowering effects and increased bile acid secretion that helps digesting food.

FACTOID: Insoluble fibers are the most responsible for lowering cholesterol, and the most effective cholesterol lowering soluble fiber is oat beta-glucan. The FDA has recently approved claims for oat beta-glucan stating that this is the primary component responsible for the total and LDL blood cholesterol lowering effects.

Lecithin

Lecithin is found in almost every tissue of the human body. But lecithin is present in greater concentrations in the brain as a component of the myelin sheets that cover nerve cells and other nerve cell membranes. Oral lecithin, a major source of *phosphatidylcholine*, is used to treat dementia and

FACTOID: *"We recommend"* trving lecithin for reducing risk of coronary heart disease, fatty liver, and to improve mild memory impairment." D.W. Johnson, Ph.D., D.J. Mokler, Ph.D., Dept. of Physiology and Pharmacology, College of Osteopathic Medicine, University of England.

Alzheimer's disease and other disorders of the nervous system in which memory is affected. It has also been shown to decrease total cholesterol while raising HDL, the "good " cholesterol, and lower homocystiene, thus lowering the risk for heart attack, stroke, and hardening of the arteries. Further more, lecithin promotes healthy liver function, including bile flow, fat breakdown and medication detoxification, while also improving athletic performance!

However, current lecithin and choline consumption rates may be lower, especially in certain "at risk" populations, because foods with the highest lecithin concentrations, like eggs and beef liver, are still considered by many to be too high in fat and cholesterol. Granulated lecithin is extracted from soy beans, its highest natural plant source. (Soy lecithin does not contain significant soy protein or protein isolates.) "We recommend trying lecithin for reducing risk of coronary heart disease, fatty liver, and to improve mild memory impairment." D. W. Johnson, Ph.D., D.J. Mokler, Ph.D., Department. of Physiology and Pharmacology, College of Osteopathic Medicine, University of England.

Herbs, Roots and Spices

Medicinal plants have a long tradition in every culture. Many are safe to be eaten regularly in small amounts with few contraindications, even with concomitant prescription medicines.

Milk thistle is the popular name of a plant of the daisy family native to the Mediterranean region, and later introduced to most areas of Europe, North and South America. Its scientific name is *Silybum marianum*. The stalk and leaves of this herb have been eaten as an every day salad vegetable and used medicinally for more than 2000 years! The main uses for milk thistle are stimulating, regeneration, and promoting proper function of the liver and gallbladder. A phytonutrient extract of the seed has been prepared and investigated in both the laboratory and the clinic as a liver protectant and antioxidant. This extract is known to contain *sylimarin*, rich in a mixture of phytochemicals known as *flavolignans*. A standardized extract of *milk thistle* adjusted to 70-80% *silymarin* has been used by medical doctors to treat hepatitis, to protect against the toxic effects of poisons and to detoxify the body after the exposure to chemical pollutants such as solvents, paints and glues. "*Milk thistle regenerates healthy liver cells and has an excellent safety profile at therapeutic dosages. American Journal of Health System Pharmacist*, 1999, Vol 56, pp 1195-97." It also "supports proper liver functioning through a number of mechanisms." Hepatology, Year 2001 Vol 34, No 3, pp. 595-603.

Red beet root has long been known as a very nutritious food. Beet root has traditionally been used by herbalists to support kidney and liver functions and to treat coughs and infections. Beet is indigenous to Europe and North Africa. Its scientific name is *Beta vulgaris*. Scientists have demonstrated that beet root avoids the addition of fat to the liver in animals. A *phytochemical alkaloid* known as *betaine*, in high

concentration in red beet root, appears to be responsible for this effect. —*PDR for Herbal Medicine*, 2000, *Medical Economics*, p 67.

Cinnamon powder is a plant originally from Sri Lanka and Southeast India still used extensively as a condiment and to treat gastrointestinal disorders. Its scientific name is *Cinnamomum zeylanicum*. Cinnamon alcohol and aldehydes, present in the volatile oil that gives cinnamon its characteristic odor, kill many unfriendly bacteria and fungi that would like to inhabit our intestines. Cinnamon extracts also enhance the effects of the hormone insulin, (*Dr. Richard Anderson, Vitamin and Nutrition Laboratory, Beltsville MD, Human Nutrition Research Center USDA*), which is good news for diabetes since it lowers blood sugar in a moderate way. According to Dr. Doss: "It is a spice that helps equalize (high) blood sugar levels without making them dip too low." – Larry Doss MD, peer reviewed medical author and lecturer.

Aloe leaf powder was called the "Plant of Immortality" by the ancient Egyptians. A plant originally from Africa, aloe is either identified as *Aloe vera* or *Aloe barbadensis* by botanists. Aloe gel and latex have found multiple applications in cosmetics and as medicine. Aloe gel is better known for its wound healing properties, as well as a "general tonic" or even as a "cure-all". Aloe gel has been variously described as a cleanser, antiseptic, nutrient, and moisturizer. Aloe has been hailed as benefiting the immune system (by fighting viruses), supporting tissue healing, ameliorating certain inflammatory disorders, improving digestion and gastric ulcers, and even reported as useful in asthma relief. *Pennies NS. Inhibition of arachidonic acid oxidation in vitro by vehicle components. Acta Derm Venerol Stockh 1981; 62:59-61.*

A controlled clinical trial has been published on the traditional use of the aloe gel in treating diabetes. In this study carried out in India a significant reduction in blood sugar and triglycerides was observed in the treatment group. *S Yongchaiyudha and co-workers published in the Journal, Phytomedicine Vol 3, No 3, pp. 241-243, 1997.*

Turmeric rhizome extract, is a spice from India and South East Asia long regarded for its medicinal, flavoring and coloring properties. Its use dates more than two thousand years. Turmeric was listed in the Assyrian herbal records dating from about 600 BC and by the Greek physician Dioscorides in the first century AD. Its scientific name is Curcuma longa. Turmeric has a warm, bitter taste and a yellow color. It is frequently used in the kitchen to flavor or color curry powders, mustards, butters and cheeses. The rhizome (root), regarded as stomachic, tonic and blood purifier is rich in phytochemicals known as diarylheptanoids or curcuminoids. These chemicals have many health promoting effects including antioxidant, lipid lowering and anti-inflammatory properties. Some benefits occur even in very small doses. "Ramirez-Bosca and her colleagues (2000) selected eight subjects with elevated fibrinogen levels and treated them with 20 mg of Curcuma longa (turmeric) extract per day. After only 15 days, previously elevated levels of fibrinogen dropped like a rock in all eight subjects." (Ward Dean, M.D, Fibrinogen: Biomarker of Aging and Important Cardiovascular Risk Factor: Reversal with Turmeric (Curcuma longa), Age, Year 2000, No 114, pp. 207-220.)

FACTOID: Curcuma longa (turmeric) extract was given to patients with previously elevated levels of fibrinogen, a biomarker important to cardiovascular risk. After only 15 days, fibrinogen dropped like a rock in all subjects, according to the research of Ward Dean, M.D., Fibrinogen: **Biomarker of Aging** and Important Cardiovascular Risk.

Summary

The Standard American Diet (S.A.D.) has given rise to an epidemic of obesity, cardio-vascular disease, premature aging and cancer. The message of five to nine servings of fruits and vegetables daily has gone unheeded. Education and cultural changes must take place.

The "5-A-Day for Better Health" program, sponsored by the National Cancer Institute and the United States Department of Agriculture, has made some progress, but changing the eating habits of a nation comes very slowly. Gournet juices, salad bars and the "smoothie" craze are steps in the right direction, but new forms of phytonutrient dense foods must become mainstays in our diets.

Ceautamed Worldwide, LLC is dedicated to the development of "functional foods" that can be included in the dietary fabric of the busy, modern world. People will only eat what they like, so our mission is to create good tasting, instant, healthy super foods that help bridge the gap between a S.A.D. and an optimal diet.

For more information, see: <u>www.greensfirst.com</u> and <u>www.5aday.gov</u> on the web.



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